

BETHLEM ROYAL HOSPITAL.

REPORT. [1885]

To the Right Worshipful the PRESIDENT, the
Worshipful the TREASURER, and the
GOVERNORS of the Royal Hospital of
Bethlem.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN,

I have to present to you my Report for the year 1885,
accompanied by the usual Tables.

SHOWING THE ADMISSIONS, RE-ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES,
AND DEATHS DURING THE YEAR ENDING
31st DECEMBER, 1885.

	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
In the Asylum January 1st, 1885	—	—	—	117	134	251
Cases admitted—						
First admissions	112	140	252	—	—	—
Not first.. .. .	24	21	45	—	—	—
Total Cases admitted during the year ..	—	—	—	136	161	297
Total Cases under care during the year ..	—	—	—	253	295	548
Cases discharged—						
Recovered	52	100	152			
Relieved.. .. .	10	13	23			
Not Improved	39	49	88			
Died	20	6	26			
Total cases discharged and died during year				121	168	289
Remaining in the Asylum 31st Dec., 1885 (including on month's leave, Males 1, Females 1).. .. .				132	127	259
Average number resident during the year..				122	142	264
Persons* under care during the year † ..				248	290	538
Persons admitted				133	158	291
Persons recovered.. .. .				52	100	152
‡ Transferred to this Asylum				7	10	17
Transferred from this Asylum				13	9	22

* Persons, *i.e.*, separate persons in contradistinction to “cases” which may include the same individual more than once.

† Total cases, minus re-admissions of Patients, discharged during the current year.

‡ Patients transferred from one Asylum, &c., to another, even when re-certified are to be regarded as transfers.

WELLS HOSPITAL
 No. 1
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BETHLEM HOSPITAL.

SUMMARY OF PAYING PATIENTS AND VOLUNTARY BORDERS, PAYING FOR 1885.

In Hospital January 1st, 1885	41
Placed on Paying List on first admission 1885	27
Placed on Paying List transferred from Free List	3
Paying Voluntary Boarders	1
	<hr/>
	72

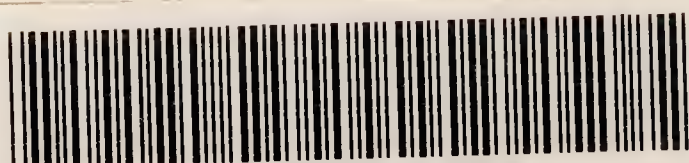
DISCHARGES, &c.

Paying Patients Discharged :—	
Recovered	14
Relieved	1
Uncured	9
Died	8
Patients transferred from paying to free list	3
Voluntary Boarders left	2
	<hr/>
Remaining on the Books January 1st, 1886	37
	35

This year the admissions were, in all, 297, being 136 men and 161 women. Last year 288 were received, 138 being men and 150 women, the increase in numbers being small, but the average is maintained.

The proportion of cases is higher among the women and lower among the men than last year. On 136 male admissions we have 52 recoveries, which is only 38 per cent., whereas on the 161 female admissions there were 100 recoveries, or nearly 62 per cent. On all receptions, there were over 51 per cent. recoveries. The death rate was high on the male side, but the paying establishment, with its numerous general paralytics, accounts for this.

The past year has been one with a History, as far as the Hospital is concerned, there having been a considerable number of changes.



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First of all, Mr. JOHN BAGGALLAY resigned the Treasurership, and the one deep feeling of regret was lessened by the fact that he has not ceased to be personally connected with the Hospital, in which he has for so many years laboured.

Mr. ALFRED J. COPELAND has succeeded to the vacant office, and as an old Governor well known to all the permanent staff, his accepting the office was considered to augur well for the future; and, for my own part, I must express the full appreciation felt at the painstaking consideration of the Treasurer for all under his direction.

Within the Hospital another change has taken place, in consequence of the resignation of Dr. RAMSDEN WOOD, who determined to seek his fortunes in Queensland. Before leaving, Dr. WOOD received many tokens of respect and gratitude from those connected with the Hospital; and Dr. R. PERCY SMITH, M.D., B.S., M.R.C.P., University Scholar and Gold Medallist, was selected to fill the post of Assistant Medical Officer.

Dr. PERCY SMITH's having been nearly three years resident Assistant Physician at St. Thomas' Hospital, made him especially well fitted for the post. One feels yearly the immense importance of having as Medical Officers to Asylums men who have had broad general culture, and whose medical experience has not been limited to Asylums, where, with the best intentions, general medical culture is neglected.

Insanity is not more frequently the result of brain disease than of bodily disorder, and he is most likely to cure Insanity

who can most readily detect failure in general bodily health. In Dr. PERCY SMITH the Hospital has gained an Officer who will advance the general interest of medicine as well as the special objects of the Asylum.

I cannot pass over the resignation of the Rev. E. RUDGE from the post of Chaplain Superintendent of King Edward's Schools; for though not directly connected with Bethlem Royal Hospital, he was constantly in relationship with the patients at the Convalescent Establishment at Witley, and also with the Medical Officers at Bethlem, who have many duties among the school children at Witley and in London. Mr. RUDGE has always been a most agreeable colleague, and has assisted the Medical Officers in the performance of their duties.

From the consideration of the History of the year, I would turn to the Medical and other work, and I think it best to divide it into Medical, Surgical, and Social.

On the Medical side, I think I may say that any new remedy which has been suggested, and even many old and half-forgotten remedies, have been put on their trial; and though, perhaps, very much has not been published to the world, yet the daily classes of students diffuse the results of their experience gained in Bethlem. I hope next year, with the help of Dr. PERCY SMITH, to lay before the Governors a more ample Report of work done during the year, in the hope that it may be of sufficient value to justify its separate appearance as a Medical Report of the year for Bethlem Royal Hospital.

I do not for a moment suppose that any amount of simple experimental trials with drugs will lead to the discovery of a cure for a disease called "Insanity," but I do believe that many of the frictions of disease may be reduced or removed, so that by alleviation of pain or induction of rest the machine may return to its healthy state.

A new departure has been made during the year in performing surgical operations on some insane patients.

In one case, a woman with a large and increasing Ovarian-tumor was operated upon by Mr. B. PITTS, of St. Thomas' Hospital, a former Student at Bethlem, and this patient has made a good recovery from the operation, and although at present her mind has not become restored, I look for that restoration to follow.

In one other case, a growth of hair on the chin of a woman which caused her constant worry and annoyance, and led her to contemplate suicide, was removed by Dr. RADCLIFFE CROCKER, by Galvano-cautery, and with the destruction of the hair, the mind has recovered. There are other cases in operation with a similar object may be performed; this object being to remove causes of unrest, especially when these causes are constant.

One difficulty in these cases arises from the fact of the insanity of the patient, which prevents him from giving consent himself. And where the operation is of a very serious nature, it is difficult to satisfy oneself as to who should give the authority. I obtained the consent of the nearest

relations, including the one who signed the "Order" for reception, and after communicating with and getting the sanction of the Commissioners, I decided on the surgical opinion "that life was at stake, that without operation the patient must die."

Under the last head I have placed social treatment, and to my mind this is the one great method of treatment for nearly all cases of disorder of mental function in contradistinction to diseases of brain and nerve.

When one hears of one Asylum vaunting treatment without locks, and another of cottage care, it all points in the same direction that the doctors are trusting their patients more, and are not merely governing or controlling them.

It is quite possible to have an Asylum so managed that neither suicides nor homicides ever occur, and yet, to my thinking, that Asylum may be badly managed.

No good is done to many patients by simply preventing harm; they require their surroundings to be varied, they require to be led back to work or to sympathy. By social treatment I mean any measure which will tend to develop healthy mental action. In one case I may take a patient's delusions, and by evidence of his own selection demolish fancy after fancy. I may be said to be "answering a fool according to his folly," but I have seen a good many cases now in which the destruction of the fancy has been followed by a more or less permanent calm, and this has led to recovery.

Social treatment, again, is encouraging the patient to look to return home as a reward for self-restraint. I frequently promise a deluded patient a day at home if he or she will refrain from expressing their delusion for a week or a fortnight, and the suppression of the expression is not infrequently followed by loss of the idea itself. Again, I find patients are frequently benefited by a return home after they have been in Asylum for some months without improvement. In my opinion, the benefit of Asylum treatment is very great, and that it would be a very great gain if it were understood that patients were better sent to Asylums for minor ailments than kept at home till these have become major and incurable. If a patient be suffering from acute nervous disorder, removal from old surroundings is in nearly all cases necessary, but after a time rest has done all it can, and a return to active life is needed. Acting on this principle, I have for the last year sent more patients home for varying periods, after they have been in the Asylum for six or eight months. I have been surprised, in many cases, to find how marvellously improved the patients have been.

Just as the surgeon finds it necessary, after joint injury, first to give rest and then to begin to re-establish the uses of the joint, so the physician should try, after a period of rest given to the mind, to replace the rest by increasing occupation and responsibility; unfortunately, the general impression has been, that change of scene, travelling and the like, are best at the outset of disorder, in my experience all acute forms of mental disorder are best treated first of all by rest, and later by change. It would occupy too long a time to describe all the various methods which are being tried to re-establish old

home relationships with the patients. Theatres are visited, and lectures and other forms of culture are followed; I trust to be able to get some Entertainments from among the attendants in the present year, and this will stimulate the patients to some fresh work. There has been a good deal done on the female side in the way of ward decoration, and one of the refractory wards is now almost entirely decorated with floral panelling; such work being as useful to the patient as to the Hospital, and leaves a pleasant impression on the minds of patients themselves. A large number of patients are allowed to go out on *parole*, and I repeat that my experience of this system of trust has been altogether satisfactory. I allow a certain number to go out alone and certain others only to go in couples, by this means the interest and the feeling of mutual responsibility is increased.

In London the numerous Historical sites and the Public Museums and Galleries form abundant ground for these quiet patients to spend the time in the winter months when the parks and public gardens are not attractive.

During the past year the Observation Gallery has been in constant use on the male side, this necessitated an extra Night Attendant, so that there was always one man in attendance in this Observation Gallery. In this ward we have placed not only the distinctly suicidal cases, but many who needed extra care and watching at night, from weakness and other causes.

No suicide has occurred, and no very serious attempts have been made, though two patients escaped from Witley

with expressed intention of suicide, but were recaptured in safety.

The Observation Gallery gives me a greater sense of safety, with but little loss of the benefit to the patients which is begotten by trust. I must add, however, that the Gallery which is used is one which requires, more than almost any other in the Hospital, the immediate consideration of better means of warming.

To conclude the consideration of the work which is being carried on in the Hospital, I would again refer to the increased interest which is taken in the subject of Insanity, as proved by the increasing classes which attend the clinical instruction at Bethlem. Besides these, the Hospital has been visited at its quarterly meetings by the Medico-Psychological Association, and by the members of the "After Care" Association. The Committee, with a kind liberality, consider that everything for the good of medical science should be encouraged at Bethlem. During the year one inquest was held on a patient who had only been under observation for a few days. He was very maniacal, and managed to strike his head against the wall; he was then placed under constant watch. In the end the wound took on unhealthy action, erysipelas set in, and the patient died of blood poisoning. The jury at the inquest returned a verdict of death from natural causes.

The Superintendent of an Asylum has to be prepared for such accidents, patients being often brought into an Asylum in a state of extreme exhaustion, with very low vital powers.

Such patients bruise readily, and the bruises may lead to blood poisoning and unexpected death. During the year there have been several cases in which bruise-like marks appeared on the bodies of patients who were in no way roughly handled, and later observation showed that such markings can result in certain forms of mental disorder, and must be recognised as of natural though rare occurrence.

During the year one patient was attacked with small-pox after she had been for some time in the Hospital, the only possible source of contagion was due to visitors who were at the Hospital within a fortnight of the onset of the disease. I was unable even among these to trace the direct origin. The patient being quiet and easily managed was sent with one of our former Attendants to the Small-pox Camp at Darenth, where she passed satisfactorily through the process without any mental amelioration. She was brought back to Bethlem, and at the end of twelve months was discharged uncured.

During the summer another female patient started with an attack of Typhoid Fever, but in her case the acute disease was followed by complete recovery from the mania, and after recovery from typhoid the patient was discharged well. The case of typhoid led to a consideration of the drainage.

We have carried out the usual amount of indoor recreation this year, and have again to thank several companies of Amateurs for their kind voluntary assistance.

There have been a considerable and increasing number of voluntary boarders admitted for various periods into

Bethlem, some of whom have been retained till well enough once more to face the world, whilst others became so manifestly unable to decide on their future actions that it was necessary to place them under certificates.

If the proposed legislation come into force, I believe there will be a considerable number of patients who will place themselves under care voluntarily, and thus prevent their ever being placed under certificates.

The present system of admitting only those who have been already under certificates prevents those coming who feel the necessity for protection, but who have not hitherto been in Asylums. We have had some voluntary paying boarders.

The Resident Physician has been called upon several times in the Courts of Law, in reference to patients who have at previous periods been under his care. One case exhibits a possible danger from the freedom granted to patients' friends to take out their relations for walks beyond the walls.

A former patient in Bethlem was taken out on several occasions, and on one of these, his wife took him to a lawyer to make a deed of gift of his property; this was done, though the patient protested in a mild way. The patient was discharged uncured, and has for some years been in a county Asylum. His wife died, willing her still living but insane husband's property to her family. This is giving rise to an action.

During the year the work of the Attendants has been on the whole well done, and I can hardly speak too highly of the thorough way in which Mr. DAVIES, the Head Attendant, has supported me in every way. One Male Attendant was summarily dismissed because an old man in his charge was found to be bruised, I was unable to get any direct evidence which would have supported prosecution, therefore only dismissed him. I hope in time to get the Attendants to act more the part of caretakers and medical clerks than mere machines, to prevent accident, and I hope during the coming year, to meet them from time to time, to give general instructions in the observation and care of the insane.

A very large majority of the attendants, both male and female, presented a petition that they might have beer money instead of beer; and this, after a considerable amount of discussion, was agreed upon by the Committee, who wish the plan to be tried for twelve months, subject to the report of the Medical Officers.

During the year I regret to have to report that the Convalescent Establishment has been, in one way and another, an almost constant source of trouble.

It was opened on January 7th, to be closed at the end of February for painting and repairs; it was placed under a new Deputy-Matron, whom it has been necessary to supersede. It was re-opened in April, to be partly closed for want of water during the summer, and was finally closed for the winter in December. The want of water, due in part to the dry summer, was extreme, and was a most serious matter for

some weeks, there being barely enough for the necessities of the reduced numbers. At present the well is being sunk deeper, and I trust the water difficulty will be overcome for this year.

During the year attempts were made to bring the male and female patients more together at Witley, by means of Cricket Matches and Lawn Tennis, as well as at Musical Evenings; but I have to report that, though on the whole the success attained induces me to continue the trial, it also shows the increased difficulty and responsibility, both for Doctors and Attendants, involved in these attempts.

I do not feel that one is justified in running too great risks, but some risks ought to be faced for the good of the patients; and, just as I believe, the total suppression of stimulants in any Asylum may lead to the desire for them—a forbidden fruit, so I believe the abstention from female society is not the best thing for recovering patients. Let them feel their way back to the ways of society by degrees, and not be plunged at once into the old ways.

From Witley we had several attempts at escape, one female patient being absent for two days. After these escapes it was considered well to have a master lock placed on the outer gate, but this did not prevent an elderly man getting over the wooden railings one Sunday, while the rest were at church, and making his way to a pond. The liberty granted at Witley involves some risk, but I am happy to say as yet, there has never been an accident at the Convalescent.

I have to record the death of an old Pensioner, who was an attendant for 35 years. Miss JEMIMA SMITH died after enjoying a good pension for six years.

In the above report I have given the general and special history of the working of this great Hospital for the year, and I have now only to tender my thanks to the Committee for their constant support and kindness in every way, so that to work for Bethlem has continued to be to me the greatest pleasure possible.

To my colleagues one and all I have also to tender thanks, and, I can with truth say, that every one has been ever ready to assist me in my endeavours to do what was best for the interests of the patients and the Hospital.

I have the honour to be,

My Lords and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

GEO. H. SAVAGE,

Medical Superintendent.

REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONERS IN LUNACY.

BETHLEM HOSPITAL,*February 20th, 1885.*

We have this day inspected Bethlem Hospital, and were accompanied during our tour of inspection by Dr. SAVAGE, Dr. WOOD, and the two Clinical Assistants. We regret much to learn that this is the last time we shall be able see Dr. WOOD in his present post, for this gentleman after having worked zealously and well for seven years has determined to retire from his office and practice abroad. We have this day seen all the patients on the books, with the exception of 20 patients absent on leave, and 17 at the Convalescent Home at Witley. The total number on the list here is 255—108 in the male and 147 in the female division. We afforded every patient opportunity of addressing us, and had no complaint which was not on the face of it founded on delusion. The rooms were in proper order, many of them very bright owing to painting on the walls and panels of the doors—the work of a patient. We ought to add that in many wards were placed casts, the work of the late Mr. STEPHENS, A.R.A. All these were presented to the Hospital by Mr. G. H. HAYDON. The lowest male ward is, we hear, shortly to be renovated and painted. We hope that everything possible will be done to render the ward light and bright.

Since the last visit Dr. SAVAGE has, in one ward, turned one of the single rooms into a sitting-room, opening into the

adjoining single room, with the object of providing a sitting room for patients' friends who come to stop through the night with them if they are dangerously ill. Dr. SAVAGE hopes to be able to provide similar accommodation in other wards, and we think the idea is good.

The only other improvement we have to notice as having taken place since the last visit is, that there is now on every floor some portable fire-engine available in case of an outbreak of fire. Our colleagues, in their Report more than 12 months ago, stated that a new and larger recreation hall was about to be erected, but we cannot find out that any steps have been taken to render it likely that this much needed work will be early begun. The amusements have been as usual numerous and varied, consisting of lectures, conjuring tricks, private theatricals, concerts and dances. Many of the patients, who are sufficiently well, are taken to theatres and places of amusement in London. The names of convalescing patients will be found in the patients' book, but we were struck with the few favourable cases we saw in the male division, and learnt that nearly all the cases affording prospect of early recovery were at Witley, or else on leave.

The health of the patients is on the whole good. We saw eight men and one woman in bed at the time of our visit. and no one was suffering from any exceptional disorder. One patient, admitted July 1884, was attacked by small-pox last month. She was isolated and is now on leave at the Camp at Darenth. No other inmate of the Hospital was attacked, and it is by no means clear how the patient caught the disorder. Since the last visit 50 males and 72 females

have been admitted, 57 males and 69 females discharged, 30 of the former and 44 of the latter had recovered. There have been 15 deaths in the male and three in the female division. The only case calling for notice amongst the deaths was one where the patient died, and was found to have broken ribs. The facts were fully reported to the Board, and the Coroner held an inquest, when the Jury returned a verdict of accidental death. It may be well here to remark that one new padded room has been erected since the last visit, and another is in course of construction. The recent admissions include many patients suffering from General Paralysis, and it is, therefore, advisable that the room should be speedily made fit for occupation. We have made all the statutory inquiries regarding attendance at Divine Worship, employment and amusement of patients, and find the proportion of those able to share in these varies but little from what has been previously reported. Two ladies have been restrained, the one by gloves, and the other by a side arm dress, on account of destructive propensities. One gentleman has twice worn the side arm dress on account of suicidal and homicidal violence, and two gentlemen have been wet packed, once each for four hours for surgical reasons; eight gentlemen and three ladies have been secluded on twenty and eight occasions, and for 88 and 56 hours respectively. We saw the dinner provided for the patients, which was good and ample. The beds and bedding were in proper order, and the state of the Hospital and the behaviour of the patients is creditable to the Staff. No one was aggressive, and but a few patients were unduly excited by our visit.

W. E. FRERE,	} <i>Commissioners.</i>
W. RHYS WILLIAMS.	
	} <i>in Lunacy.</i>

BETHLEM ROYAL HOSPITAL,

October 24th, 1885.

There are on the books of this Hospital the names of 133 males and 133 female patients, making a total of 266. We yesterday saw the 19 patients at Witley, and to-day we have seen, with the exception of 18 absent on leave, the whole of the patients. They were for the most part quiet and well-behaved, and though one or two were noisy, no one was aggressive. One male patient was in bed in the padded room, and two other patients were also in bed in that division, but on the female side only one patient was in bed. The changes since the last visit have been the admissions of 100 males and 111 females, besides five of each sex received here as voluntary boarders, the discharge of 66 males and 122 females, 30 of the former and 74 of the latter had recovered. The deaths have been 18; 12 in the male and six in the female division. There are not at this time a very large number of patients here on the male side, whose cases at present seem to afford early prospect of recovery, and a great many are suffering from General Paralysis. Fifteen patients of the male and 14 of the female, six were last week registered under medical treatment. The rooms were as usual in good order, and the wards presented a bright aspect despite the dullness of the day. We had no real complaint, and only a few complained of undue detention, but all the complainants were quite unfit for discharge. The causes of death call for no remark, but were all due to causes ordinary in an Asylum. Seclusion has been employed in

the case of 10 males and 21 females for 52 and 108 hours respectively. Restraint has been found necessary for medical or surgical reasons on various occasions in the case of five men and three women, and one man has been dry packed once for four hours, and one woman wet packed once for two hours. Dr. SMITH has been appointed Assistant Medical Officer in the place of Dr. WOOD. The returns furnished us by the Clerk to the Hospital, Mr. HAYDON, call for no special remarks. The entertainments continue as before, and are frequent. An early dance is to take place to-night. There is a fair attendance at Divine Worship. Many patients go to theatres and other places of amusement. The room for dancing here has been renovated and looks well, but the question of a General Recreation Hall, which might also be an associated dining-room is, we hear, not likely to be easily solved. A good and substantial dinner was served on both sides to-day, and seemed to be much liked.

W. E. FRERE,	} <i>Commissioners</i>
W. RHYS WILLIAMS,		} in Lunacy.

BETHLEM CONVALESCENT HOME.

WITLEY,

October 23rd, 1885.

There are 10 gentlemen and nine ladies residing here to-day, all of whom have been seen by us. They seem very contented and happy in this house, and many expressed their pleasure at the change given to them. The house was in very good order, and the dayrooms and bedrooms clean and comfortable. There are two Attendants on each side, and a person in charge in either division. We had no complaint of any sort, and the general arrangements for their care and comfort remain unaltered and quite satisfactory.

Signed { W. E. FRERE, } *Commissioner*
 { W. RHYS WILLIAMS, } *in Lunacy.*

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No. 1.

SHOWING THE ADMISSIONS, RE-ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES AND DEATHS
during the year ending 31st December, 1885.

	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
In the Asylum, January 1st, 1885	117	134	251
Cases admitted—						
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Transferred to this Asylum	7	10	17
Transferred from this Asylum	13	9	22

* Persons, *i.e.*, separate persons in contradistinction to "cases" which may include the same individual more than once.

† Total cases, minus re-admissions of patients discharged during the current year.

No. 1A.

SHOWING (1) THE PREVIOUS ATTACKS AMONG PERSONS ADMITTED during the year 1885; and (2) the number of times they had previously recovered in this or any Asylum.

(1) NUMBER OF PREVIOUS ATTACKS.	PERSONS.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Have had 1 Attack	27	25	52
„ 2 Attacks	10	14	24
„ 3 „	—	4	4
„ 4 „ or more	3	1	4

(2) NUMBER OF TIMES PATIENTS RECOVERED.	IN THIS ASYLUM.			IN ANY ASYLUM.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Once	19	16	35	12	11	23
Twice	5	4	9	—	1	1
3 times	—	1	1	—	—	—
4 „	—	—	—	—	—	—
5 „	—	—	—	—	—	—
6 „	—	—	—	—	—	—

No. 2.

SHOWING THE ADMISSIONS, RE-ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES and DEATHS,
during the 22 years from January 1st, 1864, to the 31st December, 1885.

	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
In the Asylum, January 1st, 1864 .. .. .	..	..	..	93	119	212
<i>Persons</i> admitted during the period of 22 years	1992	2699	4691			
Re-admissions	199	340	539			
Total <i>cases</i> admitted .. ..	..	..	..	2191	3039	5230
Total <i>cases</i> under care during the 22 years .. .. .	..	..	..	2284	3158	5442
Discharged <i>cases</i> —						
Recovered	929	1748	2677			
Relieved (1878-85 only)	60	86	146			
Not improved.. .. .	866	987	1853			
Died	297	210	507			
Total <i>cases</i> discharged and died since January 1st, 1864	..	..	..	2512	3031	5183
Remaining 31st Dec., 1885 ..	..	..	..	132	127	259
Average number resident during the 22 years .. ..	..	..	..	107	147	254
Transferred to this Asylum..	..	..	..	173	187	360
Transferred from this Asylum†	..	..	..	—	—	—

† This information is not available.

No. 2A.

SHOWING THE ADMISSIONS AND RECOVERIES OF PERSONS* from January 1st, 1864, to the present date, 31st December, 1885.

HISTORY OF RECOVERIES OF PERSONS.				The same, only omitting all Persons transferred from other Asylums, &c.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
<i>Persons</i> admitted during the 22 years	1992	2699	4691	1819	2512	4331
Of whom were discharged re- covered during the same period, being 49.9 per cent. of <i>persons</i> admitted. .. .	815	1526	2341	767	1449	2216
Of whom were re-admitted re- lapsed†	199	340	539	199	336	535
Leaving recovered persons who have not relapsed.. .. .	616	1186	1802	568	1113	1681
Relapsed persons discharged recovered‡	91	169	260	91	167	258
Net || recovered persons, being 43.9 per cent. of persons admitted	707	1355	2062	659	1280	1939

* Persons, *i.e.*, separate persons in contradistinction to *cases* which may include the same individual more than once.

Re-admission applies only to re-admission into this Asylum.

† *i.e.*, Persons who have relapsed one or more times.

‡ *i.e.*, After last re-admission, if relapsed one or more times.

|| *i.e.*, Recovered persons sane at the present time so far as the Asylum statistics show.

No. 3.
SHOWING THE ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES AND DEATHS, WITH THE MEAN ANNUAL MORTALITY AND PROPORTION OF RECOVERIES PER CENT. OF THE ADMISSIONS, for the 22 years 1864-1885.

Year.	Admitted.			Discharged.						Died.			Remaining 31st Dec. in each year.			Average Numbers Resident.			Percentage of Recoveries on Admissions.			Percentage of Deaths on the average num- bers Resident.		
	M. F. T.			Recovered.			Relieved.			M. F. T.			M. F. T.			M. F. T.			M. F. T.			M. F. T.		
				M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.															
1864	73	116	189	33	49	82	—	—	—	10	7	17	109	152	261	136	127	263	45.2	42.2	43.4	7.4	5.5	6.5
1865	83	102	185	40	60	100	—	—	—	16	12	22	121	156	277	112	142	254	48.2	58.8	54.1	8.9	8.5	8.7
1866	80	107	187	49	70	119	—	—	—	11	8	19	108	140	248	110	144	254	61.2	65.4	63.6	10.0	5.6	7.5
1867	83	121	204	35	73	108	—	—	—	18	11	29	106	132	238	109	135	242	42.2	60.3	52.9	16.5	8.3	12.0
1868	78	131	209	33	67	100	—	—	—	14	11	23	99	147	246	109	135	244	42.3	51.1	47.8	12.8	6.7	9.4
1869	100	140	240	34	78	112	—	—	—	11	17	28	118	148	266	105	148	253	34.0	55.7	46.7	10.5	11.5	11.1
1870	103	132	235	40	76	116	—	—	—	24	8	32	114	144	258	109	158	267	38.8	57.6	49.4	22.0	5.1	12.0
1871	62	117	179	35	72	107	—	—	—	8	8	16	93	148	241	106	142	248	56.5	61.5	59.8	7.5	5.6	6.5
1872	81	113	194	29	56	85	—	—	—	12	12	24	97	153	250	97	144	241	35.8	49.6	43.8	12.4	8.3	10.0
1873	80	115	195	31	78	109	—	—	—	11	8	19	99	141	240	102	136	238	38.8	67.8	55.9	10.8	5.9	8.0
1874	95	141	236	41	87	128	—	—	—	13	13	26	100	149	249	93	150	243	43.2	61.7	54.2	14.0	8.7	10.7
1875	91	140	231	48	75	123	—	—	—	13	9	22	99	165	264	108	157	265	52.7	53.6	53.2	12.0	5.7	8.3
1876	113	135	248	45	68	113	—	—	—	8	11	19	110	164	274	102	168	270	39.8	50.4	45.6	7.8	6.5	7.0
1877	99	115	214	32	71	103	—	—	—	18	7	25	104	150	254	102	144	246	32.3	61.7	48.1	17.6	4.9	10.2
1878	102	144	246	46	81	127	1	8	9	14	6	20	92	143	235	95	147	242	45.1	56.3	51.6	14.7	4.1	8.3
1879	110	173	283	50	105	155	2	2	4	8	9	17	92	153	246	92	146	238	45.5	60.7	54.8	8.7	6.2	7.1
1880	109	183	292	38	110	148	2	6	8	6	11	17	107	158	265	104	156	260	34.9	60.1	50.7	5.8	7.1	6.5
1881	108	163	271	41	100	141	21	21	42	12	11	23	103	142	245	94	150	244	35.0	61.3	52.0	12.8	7.3	9.4
1882	114	164	278	42	85	127	9	14	23	12	5	17	103	147	250	108	152	260	36.8	51.8	45.7	11.1	3.3	6.5
1883	153	176	329	52	81	133	5	10	15	22	14	36	136	160	296	111	155	266	34.0	46.0	40.4	19.8	9.0	13.5
1884	138	150	288	83	106	189	10	12	22	22	8	30	117	134	251	136	148	284	60.1	70.7	65.6	16.2	5.4	12.0
1885	136	161	297	52	100	152	10	13	23	20	6	26	132	127	259	122	142	264	38.2	62.1	51.2	16.4	4.2	9.9
Total ..	2191	3039	5230	929	1748	2677	60	86	146	297	210	507	Average or percentage.			107	147	254	42.4	57.5	51.2	12.6	6.5	9.1

SUMMARY OF TOTAL ADMISSIONS.		Males.	Females.	Both Sexes
Per centage of Cases	Recovered	51.4	58.0	55.4
"	" Relieved	35.7	34.1	34.8
"	" Not Improved			
"	" Died	10.5	6.3	8.0
"	" Remaining	2.4	1.6	1.8
		100.0	100.0	100.0

Including "Relieved."

No. 5.

SHOWING THE CAUSES OF DEATH DURING THE YEAR 1885, TOGETHER WITH THE AGES AT DEATH.

Cause of Death.	Under 15 Years.	15 and under 20.	20 and under 25.	25 and under 30.	30 and under 35.	35 and under 40.	40 and under 45.	45 and under 50.	50 and under 55.	55 and under 60.	60 and under 65.	65 and under 70.	70 and under 75.	75 and under 80.	80 and under 85.	85 and under 100.	Not known.	Total.		
	M.F.T.	M.F.T.	M.F.T.	M.F.T.	M.F.T.	M.F.T.	M.F.T.	M.F.T.	M.F.T.	M.F.T.	M.F.T.	M.F.T.	M.F.T.	M.F.T.	M.F.T.	M.F.T.	M.F.T.	M.	F.	T.
General Paralysis of the Insane ...	-	-	-	-	-	3 - 3	2 - 2	1 - 1	1 - 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	7
Acute Mania ...	-	-	-	1 1	-	1 1 2	1 1 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	5
Acute Mania and Erysipelas ...	-	-	-	-	-	1 - 1	1 - 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Senile Melancholia ...	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 - 1	1 - 1	-	1 1	-	-	-	2	1	3
Melancholia with Diarrhoea ...	-	-	-	-	-	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Melancholia with Cardiac Disease ...	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 1	-	1 - 1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
Senile Dementia ...	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 - 1	-	-	1 - 1	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Dementia & Bronchitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 - 1	-	1 - 1	-	-	1 - 1	-	3	-	3
Dementia and Epilepsy	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 - 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Total ...	-	-	-	1 1	-	5 2 7	5 1 6	1 - 1	1 - 1	1 1 2	2 - 2	2 - 2	2 - 2	- 1 1	-	1 - 1	-	20	6	26

Ascertained by *post mortem* examinations

Males

Females.

No. 6.

SHOWING THE LENGTH OF RESIDENCE IN THOSE DISCHARGED RECOVERED,
AND IN THOSE WHO HAVE DIED, DURING THE YEAR 1885.

LENGTH OF RESIDENCE.	Recovered.			Died.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Under 1 month .. ..	..	..	..	6	4	10
1 month and under 3 months..	5	24	29	2	..	2
3 months and under 6 months.	22	41	63	3	..	3
6 months and under 9 months.	12	16	28	..	1	1
9 months and under 12 months	6	11	17	..	..	..
1 year and under 2 years ..	7	5	12	4	..	4
2 years and under 3 years ..	..	2	2	1	..	1
3 years and under 5 years ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5 years and under 7 years ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7 years and under 10 years ..	..	..	..	1	..	1
10 years und under 12 years ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12 years and under 15 years ..	..	..	..	..	1	1
15 years and under 20 years ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20 years and under 25 years ..	..	1	1	..	..	..
25 years and under 30 years ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
30 years and under 35 years ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35 years and under 40 years ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
40 years and under 45 years ..	..	..	..	2	..	2
45 years and under 50 years ..	..	..	..	1	..	1
TOTAL	52	100	152	20	6	26

No. 7.
SHOWING THE DURATION OF THE DISORDER ON ADMISSION IN THE ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES, AND DEATHS,
during the Year 1885.

DURATION OF DISEASE ON ADMISSION IN FIVE CLASSES.												
CLASS.	THE ADMISSIONS.			THE DISCHARGES.								
				RECOVERED.			REMOVED, RELIEVED, OR OTHERWISE.			THE DEATHS.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
FIRST CLASS. First Attack, and within Three Months on Admission	54	80	134	26	57	83	24	28	52	12	2	14
SECOND CLASS. First Attack, above Three and within twelve months on Admission	38	36	74	8	15	23	12	20	32	4	..	4
THIRD CLASS. Not First Attack, and within Twelve months on Admission	37	44	81	18	27	45	7	11	18	3	4	7
FOURTH CLASS. First Attack or not, but of more than Twelve Months on Admission	7	1	8	..	1	1	6	3	9	1	..	1
FIFTH CLASS. Congenital .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	136	161	297	52	100	152	49	62	111	20	6	26

No. 8.
SHOWING IN QUINQUENNIAL PERIODS THE AGES OF THOSE ADMITTED, RECOVERED, AND DIED,
during the Year 1885, and of those remaining on 31st December, 1885.

AGES.	THE ADMISSIONS.			RECOVERED.			THE DEATHS.			PATIENTS RESIDENT 31st December, 1885.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
5 years and under 10 years	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10 years and under 15 years	1	2	3	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
15 years and under 20 years	4	14	18	6	15	21	..	..	..	..	4	7
20 years and under 25 years	18	14	32	6	12	18	..	..	..	15	8	23
25 years and under 30 years	15	33	48	7	19	26	..	..	..	11	22	33
30 years and under 35 years	13	27	40	4	15	19	..	1	1	17	19	36
35 years and under 40 years	27	15	42	10	10	20	1	..	1	18	10	28
40 years and under 45 years	15	18	33	2	11	13	5	1	7	18	14	32
45 years and under 50 years	7	16	23	5	6	11	1	..	6	9	13	22
50 years and under 55 years	11	6	17	2	3	5	..	..	..	12	13	25
55 years and under 60 years	10	7	17	6	5	11	1	1	2	8	8	16
60 years and under 65 years	5	6	11	1	1	2	1	..	1	7	6	13
65 years and under 70 years	8	1	9	2	1	3	3	..	3	7	5	12
70 years and under 75 years	2	2	4	..	1	1	2	..	2	5	2	7
75 years and under 80 years	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	3	5
80 years and under 85 years	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
85 years and under 90 years	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..
Unknown ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	136	161	297	52	100	152	20	6	26	132	127	259
Mean Age ..	40.1	35.8	37.8	36.9	33.3	34.5	51.8	46.7	50.6	42.7	41.7	42.2

No. 9.
SHOWING THE CONDITION AS TO MARRIAGE, IN THE ADMISSIONS, RECOVERIES, AND DEATHS, during the Year 1885, and of PATIENTS RESIDENT DECEMBER 31st, 1885.

CONDITION IN REFERENCE TO MARRIAGE.				ADMISSIONS.			DISCHARGES.			DEATHS.			PATIENTS RESIDENT DECEMBER 31st.		
				M.			RECOVERED.			M.			M.		
				F.	T.		M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	F.	T.	
Single..	..	..	..	57	132	..	28	42	70	6	4	10	67	135	
Married	..	..	..	71	148	..	20	53	73	13	2	15	48	101	
Widowed	..	..	..	8	17	..	4	5	9	1	..	1	12	23	
Unknown	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	136	297	..	52	100	152	20	6	26	127	259	

SHOWING THE PROBABLE CAUSES OF INSANITY IN THE PATIENTS ADMITTED during the year 1885.

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+ The figures in the total column represent the entire number of instances in which the several causes (either alone or in combination with others) were stated to have produced the mental disorder. The excess of the aggregate of such causes over the number of patients admitted is owing to combinations of causes.

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No. 11.
SHOWING THE FORM OF MENTAL DISORDER OF ADMISSIONS, RECOVERIES, AND DEATHS OF THE YEAR 1885, AND THE FORM OF MENTAL DISORDER OF THE INMATES ON 31ST DECEMBER, 1885.

Form of Mental Disorder.		Admissions.			Recoveries.			Deaths.			Remaining in Asylum. 31st December, 1885.		
		M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Congenital or Infantile Mental Deficiency ..	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
" a with Epilepsy ..	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
" b without Epilepsy ..	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Epilepsy acquired.. ..	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General Paralysis of the Insane ..	..	30	1	31	-	-	-	7	-	7	32	1	33
Mania—													
" Recent ..	..	28	46	74	19	31	50	4	4	8	9	20	29
" Chronic ..	..	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	2	8
" Recurrent ..	..	4	2	6	-	2	2	-	-	-	4	5	9
" A Potu ..	..	1	-	1	2	7	9	-	-	-	-	-	-
" Puerperal ..	..	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4
" Senile ..	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
" Melancholia—													
" Recent ..	..	29	64	93	24	41	65	3	2	5	24	45	69
" Chronic ..	..	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	8	11
" Recurrent ..	..	1	9	9	-	10	10	-	-	-	-	4	4
" Puerperal ..	..	-	3	13	2	1	3	-	-	-	6	-	6
" Senile ..	..	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
" Dementia—													
" Primary ..	..	10	6	16	3	4	7	-	-	-	17	2	19
" Secondary ..	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	6	8
" Senile ..	..	5	2	7	-	-	-	6	-	6	8	6	14
" Organic (i.e., from Tumours, Coarse Brain Disease) ..	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Delusional ..	..	16	23	39	2	4	6	-	-	-	21	24	45

No. 12.
1885.

OCCUPATION OF PATIENTS *admitted* during 1885.

MALES.

Agents	5
Artists	3
Bricklayer	1
Bailiff.. .. .	1
Baker	1
Beer retailer	1
Bootmaker.. .. .	1
Builders	2
Butcher	1
Button maker	1
Carder	1
Carpenter	1
Case makers	2
Chemist	1
Coachman	1
Civil Engineers.. .. .	2
Clergymen	4
Clerks	25
Coopers	2
Commercial Travellers	4
Coffee planters	2
Draper	1
Farmers	7
Gardener	1
Greengrocer	1
Grocers	2
Gunsmith	1
Hairdresser	1
Groom	1
Ironmonger	1
Librarian	1
Machinist	1
Merchants	4
Pawnbroker	1
Picture dealer	1
Riding Master	1
Publican	1
Reporter	1
Paper Ruler	1
Sailor	1
Saddler	1
School-boy	1
Schoolmasters	2
Secretary	1
Carried forward	96

MALES.—*continued*.

Brought forward	96
Station Master	1
Soldier	1
Stationer	1
Solicitor	1
Students	7
Surgeons	8
Tailors	4
Tutor.. .. .	1
Teacher of Languages	2
Wharf Manager	1
Warehouseman	3
Whipmaker	1
Watchmaker	1
Writer	1
Zinc Contractor	1
Not stated	6
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FEMALES.

Actress	
Bookfolder	1
Clerk	1
Domestic Servants	6
Governesses	18
Paper Bag maker	1
Housekeepers	5
Milliners	4
Missionary	1
Machinist	1
Nurses	2
Pupil Teachers.. .. .	4
Scholars	2
Shopwomen	4
Sister of Mercy	1
Telegraphist	1
Wives, Widows, or Daugh- ters engaged in Household Work.. .. .	76
Not stated	32

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No. 12.—*continued.*OCCUPATION OF PATIENTS *discharged Cured* during 1885.

MALES.						FEMALES.					
Agent..	..	..	..	..	1	Actress ..	..	..	..	1	
Artist..	..	..	..	..	1	Bookfolder ..	..	..	..	1	
Baker..	..	..	..	..	1	Barmaid ..	..	..	..	1	
Barrister ..	..	..	..	..	1	Clerks ..	..	..	..	2	
Barman ..	..	..	..	..	1	Domestic Servant ..	..	..	..	1	
Bookbinder ..	..	..	..	..	1	Governesses ..	..	..	..	7	
Bootmaker..	..	..	..	..	1	Housekeepers..	..	..	..	3	
Builder ..	..	..	..	..	1	Milliners ..	..	..	..	2	
Butcher ..	..	..	..	..	1	Ironmonger ..	..	..	..	1	
Case Maker ..	..	..	..	..	1	Nurses ..	..	..	..	3	
Cooper ..	..	..	..	..	1	Scholar ..	..	..	..	1	
Carpenter ..	..	..	..	..	1	Schoolmistresses ..	..	..	..	2	
Compositor ..	..	..	..	..	1	Shopwoman ..	..	..	..	1	
Clergymen..	..	..	..	..	2	Sister of Mercy ..	..	..	..	1	
Clerks ..	..	..	..	..	10	Wives, Widows, or Daughters					
Decorator ..	..	..	..	..	1	engaged in household work				53	
Draper ..	..	..	..	..	1	Not stated ..	..	..	..	20	
Engineers ..	..	..	..	..	2						
Engraver ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Farmers ..	..	..	..	..	2						
Grocer ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Licensed Victuallers..	..	..	..	..	2						
Merchant ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Messenger ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Officer (Army) ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Picture Dealer ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Printer ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Reporter ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Schoolboy ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Soldier ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Solicitor ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Students ..	..	..	..	..	3						
Tutor ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Warehouseman ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Wharf Manager ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Not stated ..	..	..	..	..	2						
52						100					

No. 12.—*continued.*OCCUPATION OF PATIENTS who *Died* during 1885.

MALES.						FEMALES.					
Agent ..	..	..	..	..	1	Housekeepers..	..	..	..	2	
Artist ..	..	..	..	..	1	Housewives ..	..	..	..	2	
Brokers ..	..	..	..	..	2	Not stated ..	..	..	..	2	
Clerks ..	..	..	..	..	3						
Coachman ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Commercial Traveller	..	..	..	..	1						
Farmers ..	..	..	..	..	2						
Ironmonger ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Labourer ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Merchant ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Pensioner, E.I.C.	..	..	..	..	1						
Publican ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Sailor ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Surgeon ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Schoolmaster ..	..	..	..	..	1						
Not stated ..	..	..	..	..	1						
<hr/>						<hr/>					
20						6					

No. 13.
1885.

RELIGIOUS PERSUASION.

Denomination.	Admitted.			Discharged.								
				Cured.			Uncured.			Died.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Church of England ..	78	90	168	30	68	98	32	35	67	11	6	17
Church of Scotland ..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Roman Catholic ..	3	4	7	1	..	1	3	1	4	..	..	..
Wesleyan	3	9	12	..	3	3	..	2	2	1	..	1
Baptist	5	10	15	2	7	9	..	5	5	..	..	..
Independent ..	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dissenter	7	5	12	3	3	6	1	2	3	..	..	..
Jew	2	1	3	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	1
Quaker .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
Unitarian	2	..	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Presbyterian ..	2	1	3	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Catholic Apostolic ..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bible Christian ..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Atheist	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Theist	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
Pantheist ..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Plymouth Brethren ..	1	1	2	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
Congregational ..	4	5	9	..	5	5	1	3	4	2	..	2
Protestant ..	18	20	38	5	8	13	8	10	18	3	..	3
Not stated ..	7	15	22	6	3	9	3	3	6	1	..	1
	136	161	297	52	100	152	49	62	111	20	6	26

No. 14.

1885.

RESIDENCE.

Residence.	Admitted.			Discharged.								
				Cured.			Uncured.			Died.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
London Postal District ..	88	102	190	37	66	103	24	40	64	12	5	17
Provinces ..	45	57	102	15	34	49	22	19	41	8	1	9
Abroad	3	2	5	.	.	..	3	3	6	..	..	..
	136	161	297	52	100	152	49	62	111	20	6	26

No. 15.

1885.

GENERAL HEALTH.

Health.	Admitted.			Discharged.								
				Cured.			Uncured.			Died.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Good	15	9	24	8	10	18	5	10	15	2	..	2
Fair	67	70	137	14	48	62	16	35	51	4	2	6
Bad	54	82	136	30	42	72	28	17	45	14	4	18
	136	161	297	52	100	152	49	62	111	20	6	26

No. 16.

1885.

BEHAVIOUR.

Behaviour.	Admitted.			Discharged.								
				Cured.			Uncured.			Died.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Dangerous or violent . }	68	30	98	21	24	45	12	9	21	7	..	7
Not danger- ous or }	68	131	199	31	76	107	37	53	90	13	6	19
	136	161	297	52	100	152	49	62	111	20	6	26

No. 17.

1885.

SUICIDAL TENDENCY.

Tendency.	Admitted.			Discharged.								
				Cured.			Uncured.			Died.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
Suicidal ..	36	37	73	21	28	49	8	10	18	1	1	2
Not suicidal.	100	124	224	31	72	103	41	52	93	19	5	24
	136	161	297	52	100	152	49	62	111	20	6	26

No. 18.

1885.

RETURN of the INCURABLE PATIENTS IN HOSPITAL, 31st DEC., 1885.

No.	—	Sex.	Age when Admitted to Incur- able Estab- lishment.	Date of Admission to Incurable Establishment.
1	W.C.	Male	20	16th September, 1831.
2	P.R.	Female	25	28th March, 1834.
3	H.M.	Male	27	5th February, 1836.
4	G.C.H.	Male	28	15th January, 1841.
5	E.G.	Female	35	22nd June, 1842.
6	W.B.N.	Male	39	14th February, 1848.
7	W.S.	Male	28	14th February, 1848.
8	M.A.H.	Female	26	3rd January, 1851.
9	H.B.	Female	41	18th July, 1851.
10	C.M.	Male	30	6th August, 1852.
11	A.R.	Female	29	15th December, 1854.
12	G.F.	Female	42	22nd June, 1855.
13	S.A.	Female	31	21st November, 1856.
14	J.J.P.	Female	40	11th December, 1857.
15	J.S.	Female	23	29th April, 1859.
16	E.J.	Female	25	27th May, 1859.

Continued

No. 18.—*continued.*

1885.

RETURN OF INCURABLE PATIENTS—*continued.*

No.	—	Sex.	Age when Admitted to Incur- able Estab- lishment.	Date of Admission to Incurable Establishment.
17	M.S.M.	Female	43	12th June, 1868.
18	E.B.	Female	44	23rd April, 1869.
19	E.G.	Female	37	15th October, 1869.
20	J.A.C.	Male	48	18th November, 1870.
21	A.M.H.	Female	57	10th May, 1872.
22	A.B.	Female	42	10th July, 1872.
23	T.E.C.	Male	30	23rd October, 1872.
24	H.McN.	Male	33	17th September, 1873.
25	J.W.E.	Male	40	25th February, 1874.
26	E.F.	Female	37	25th February, 1874.
27	E.L.G.	Female	37	11th November, 1874.
28	M.A.S.	Female	33	17th March, 1875.
29	M.C.M.	Female	33	3rd November, 1875.
30	M.W.	Female	64	27th December, 1876.
31	J.S.C.	Male	35	28th February, 1877.
32	S.P.V.	Male	41	27th February, 1878.
33	W.H.	Male	32	18th September, 1878.

Continued

No. 18.—*continued.*

1885.

RETURN of INCURABLE PATIENTS—*continued.*

No.	—	Sex.	Age when Admitted to Incur- able Estab- lishment.	Date of Admission to Incurable Establishment.
34	A.B.	Female	56	9th December, 1878.
35	A.L.	Female	62	27th January, 1879.
36	T.K.G.	Male	31	2nd July, 1879.
37	E.H.	Male	72	9th July, 1879.
38	M.A.W.	Female	37	28th January, 1880.
39	A.C.W.M'L.	Female	63	28th April, 1880.
40	M.A.G.	Female	44	12th January, 1881.
41	S.R.	Female	55	11th May, 1881.

No. 19.

1885.

TIME the INCURABLE PATIENTS have been in the Hospital.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Upwards of 30 years	7	9	16
— 20 —	1	4	5
— 15 —	5	8	13
— 10 —	1	3	4
5 — and under	1	2	3
	15	26	41

No. 20.

1885.

DEGREE of EDUCATION of Incurable Patients in the Hospital.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Good	7	21	28
Moderate	4	2	6
Imperfect	1	2	3
None	2	..	2
Not ascertained	1	1	2
	15	26	41

1885.

No. 21.

DIETARY TABLE.

BREAKFAST.

Every Day.. Males .. Tea, with 7 oz. of Bread and Butter.

Females.. „ 6 „ „

DINNER.

Sunday Males { 6 oz. Boiled Beef } 4 oz. Bread, $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. Vegetables, 1 pt. Beer
free from bone„ Females.. 5 „ „ 4 „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „Monday Males.... 6 „ Roast Mutton, 4 „ $\frac{3}{4}$ „ 1 „„ Females.. 5 „ „ 4 „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „Tuesday Males.... Fish Dinner 4 „ $\frac{3}{4}$ „ 1 „„ Females.. „ „ 4 „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „Wednesday . Males.... 6 „ Roast Beef, 4 „ $\frac{3}{4}$ „ 1 „Females.. 5 „ „ 4 „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „Thursday .. { Males.. } Strong Meat and Vegetable Soup, and Plum Pudding
Females }Friday .. Males.... 6 oz. Boiled Mutton 4 oz. Bread, $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. Vegetables, 1 pt. Beer„ Females.. 5 „ „ 4 „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „

Saturday .. Males.... 16 oz. Meat Pie, 4 „ 1 oz. Cheese, 1 „

Females.. 14 „ „ 4 „ 1 „ $\frac{1}{2}$ „

TEA.

Every Day.. Males .. Same as at Breakfast.

Every Day.. Females.. Same as at Breakfast.

SUPPER.

Every Day.. Males .. 3 oz. Bread, 1 oz. Cheese, $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. Beer.Every Day.. Females.. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. Cocoa, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. Milk, 2 oz. Bread, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz Butter.

No. 21.—*continued.*

Patients in employment in the Grounds, Workshops, or Laundry, to be allowed 4 oz. of Bread, 1 oz. of Cheese or $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. of Butter, and $\frac{1}{2}$ a pint of Beer for Luncheon, and $\frac{1}{2}$ a pint of Beer in the Afternoon.

Every Patient to be allowed $1\frac{3}{4}$ oz. of Tea, 8 oz. of Sugar, 8 oz. of Butter, and $1\frac{1}{2}$ pints of Milk weekly.

On Christmas Day the Dinner to be Roast Beef and Plum Pudding.

On New Year's Day, a Mince Pie to be added to the usual fare.

On Good Friday, a Bun.

On Easter and Whit Monday, 6 oz. of Roast Veal to be allowed instead of the usual Meat for the day.

The Steward has liberty to vary the diet occasionally by Pork and Bacon, when Peas and Beans are in season; and by Fish, Fruit Pies, &c., when Fish and Fruit are plentiful and good.

The Sick to be dieted at the discretion of the Resident Physician.

The Attendants to have at all times the means of obtaining Gruel for such Patients as may require it.

The above to be considered maximum allowances, and all quantities unconsumed are to be taken in diminution of the next supply from the Stores of the Hospital.

No. 22.

1885.

BETHLEM HOSPITAL.

LIST OF OFFICERS, ATTENDANTS, AND SERVANTS.

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS.

													£	s.	d.
*1	Resident Physician	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	900	0	0
*1	Assistant Medical Officer	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	300	0	0
†1	Chaplain	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	220	0	0
†1	Surveyor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	125	0	0
*1	Clerk, Receiver, and Accountant	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	280	0	0
*1	Steward	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	500	0	0
*1	Matron	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	175	0	0
													£2500	0	0

* Lodged and partly furnished, with Coals, &c.
† Neither boarded nor lodged.

No. 23.

1885.

OTHER OFFICERS, ATTENDANTS, AND SERVANTS.

MALES.

	£	s.	d.
*2 Receiver's Clerks (£110 and £80 per annum)	190	0	0
*1 Steward's Clerk	75	0	0
*1 Organist.. .. .	25	0	0
1 Chapel Clerk (£5)—see below			
†1 Under Storekeeper	55	0	0
†1 House Porter (a great coat once in three years)	40	0	0
†1 Assistant ditto (a great coat once in three years)	42	0	0
||1 Gate Keeper (a great coat once in three years).. .. .	50	0	0
†1 Cutter of provisions	55	0	0
†1 Cook	48	0	0
†1 Assistant ditto	25	0	0
1 Head Attendant (boarded and lodged, and allowance for uniform)	75	0	0
†1 Attendant (D.H.) at £49 per annum ..	49	0	0
†1 Attendant £47 per annum ..	47	0	0
†2 Do. (one Chapel Clerk).. .. £45 per annum each	90	0	0
†1 Do. £42 per annum ..	42	0	0
†3 Do. £40 per annum ..	120	0	0
†1 Do. £35 per annum each	35	0	0
†15 Do. £30 per annum ..	450	0	0
¶1 Night Watch, 32s. per week. 2 at 30s. per week	239	4	0
*†1 Carpenter, Head of Workshops per annum	110	0	0
*†2 Do. (one occasionally only) 30s. per week each	156	0	0
*†1 Engineer 40s. per week ..	104	0	0
*1 Window Cleaner, &c. 25s. per week ..	65	0	0
*2 Stokers and Scrubbers.. .. 25s. and 27s. per week ..	135	4	0
*†1 Shop Labourer (with occasional help) .. 30s. per week ..	78	0	0
†1 Gardener (with house and coals) 30s. per week ..	78	0	0
*†1 Assistant Gardener 25s. per week ..	65	0	0
*†4 Labourers (with occasional help) 23s. per week each	239	4	0
*†1 Mattress maker (with occasional help) .. 28s. per week ..	72	16	0
*†1 Shoemaker 28s. per week ..	72	16	0
	£2928	4	0

* Neither boarded nor lodged.

† In addition to board and lodging, have each a suit of clothes, a hat, a cap, and two working blouses, which become their own *after every completed year's service, from the date of engagement.*

‡ Occasionally employed at, or for, King Edward's Schools.

|| Lodged only, with a suit of clothes and a hat.

The Head and Second Attendants of Male Ward 1, and Female Wards 1A and 1B are allowed Donations at Christmas, amounting in all to £12.

¶ No other allowance whatever.

No. 23—*continued*.

FEMALES.

												£	s.	d.
7	Attendants	..	..	..	..	..	..	£35	per annum	each		245	0	0
3	Do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	£30	per annum	each		90	0	0
2	Do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	£28	per annum	each		56	0	0
6	Do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	£24	per annum	..		144	0	0
8	Do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	£20	per annum	each		160	0	0
1	Work-woman	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	0	0
1	Night Watch	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	24	0	0
1	Do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	0	0
1	Housemaid	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	0	0
1	Assistant Nurse	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	0	0
1	Laundrymaid	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	35	0	0
1	Assistant do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	0	0
1	Portress at K. E. S. Gate	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	0	0
1	Students' Servant	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	0	0
												£929	0	0

The wages of ordinary male attendants are £30 per annum for the first three years, next four years £35 per annum, and for the next three years £40 per annum. Attendants of ten years standing and upwards £42 per annum. Female attendants wages are £20 per annum for the first three years, next four years £24 per annum, and the next three years £28 per annum. Attendants of ten years standing and upwards £30 per annum. Attendants in charge of a Ward are allowed £5 per annum extra, and on the recommendation of the Resident Physician, in the event of an attendant, male or female, being appointed as second in charge he or she may be rated as an attendant of seven years standing.

BETHLEM
CONVALESCENT ESTABLISHMENT,
WITLEY.

No. 24.

1885.

OFFICERS AND SERVANTS.

									£	s.	d.
*1	Deputy Superintendent	..	..	..	..	per annum			150	0	0
†1	Female Head Attendant	..	..	..	..	„			35	0	0
†1	Cook	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	0	0
†1	Kitchenmaid	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	0	0
†1	Housemaid..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	0	0
†1	Page Boy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	0	0
1	Gardener (30s. per week and house—not boarded—half to K. E. S. W.)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	39	0	0
‡2	Garden Labourers (4d. per hour)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	104	4	0
	Engineer (partial employment) 5s. per week	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	13	0	0
									£363	4	0

* Furnished Apartments with coals.

† Boarded and Lodged.

‡ Neither boarded nor lodged.

Boys from K.E.S.W. occasionally assist.



Dr.

GENERAL ACCOUNT OF RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE OF BETHLEHEM HOSPITAL, FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DEC., 1885.

Cr.

RECEIPT.										Total.	Bethlehem.	Incurables.	
										£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
1885	To Balance of Account audited to 31st December, 1884										39	0	2
Jan 1	To RENT, Land Tax, Rent-charges and Insurance, viz.—												
	BETHLEHEM—Arrears, 31st December, 1884												
	One Year's Rent, Land Tax, &c. from Mich., 1884 to Mich., 1885										3,389	18	2
											18,539	17	7
											£21,929	15	9
	To RECEIVED, viz.—												
	Bishopsgate Street Without										£365	5	8
	Piccadilly, Duke Street, Jernyn Street, &c.										5,899	13	0
	Lime Street, Lime Street Square, &c.										3,950	4	4
	Aldgate										172	5	8
	Whitechapel										175	10	0
	Fowkes Court, Tower Street										487	2	6
	Mile End Road										411	11	4
	St. George's Fields										570	6	3
	Moorgate										524	7	6
	Shepherd's Bush										173	12	0
	Crouch Hill, Hornsey										1,141	18	1
	Clapton										302	1	8
	Stoke Newington										682	5	6
	Waltham Cross										243	12	9
	Witley										0	1	0
	Kent										2,426	10	10
	East Ham										45	15	0
	Lincolnshire										91	14	0
	Rent Charges										83	1	2
											£17,746	18	3
	Allowed										206	14	0
	Property Tax allowed										398	14	2
	Arrears of Rent to Mich., 1885, unpaid 31st												
	Dec., 1885										3,577	9	4
											£21,929	15	9
	INCURABLES—Arrears, 31st December, 1884										5,751	8	2
	One Year's Rent of Estate in Lincolnshire to Mich., 1885										5,860	9	0
											11,611	17	2
	To RECEIVED, viz.—												
	Wainfleet St. Mary										£3,936	3	1
	Wainfleet All Saints, Mumby, Claxby, &c.										1,532	2	9
											£5,468	5	10
	Allowed										68	19	5
	Property Tax allowed										114	11	3
	Arrears of Rent to Mich., 1885, unpaid 31st												
	Dec., 1885										5,960	0	8
											£11,611	17	2
	Tithe Rent-charge, Wainfleet St. Mary—												
	One Year to Michaelmas, 1885										£595	14	5
	Overpaid										0	10	0
											£596	4	5
	To Received												
	Quit Rents										596	4	5
											4	15	0
	To DIVIDENDS on Stock in the Public Funds, viz.—												
	£17,000 0 0 3 per Cent. Consols										510	0	0
	3,000 0 0 Bank Stock										300	0	0
	21,000 0 0 New 2½ per Cent. Stock										525	0	0
	1,000 0 0 3 per Cent. Reduced Annuities, "Wm. Hollins' Gift"										30	0	0
	24 17 5 New 3 per cent.										0	14	10
	39 14 0 3 per Cent. Consols										1	3	8

GENERAL ACCOUNT OF BOTH HOSPITALS, 1885.

BETHLEHEM HOSPITAL—Balance in favor of the Hospital	..	..	..	..	£3,796	1	6
BRIDEWELL HOSPITAL—Balance against the Hospital	..	..	..	..	1,416	0	11
					£2,380	0	7
Cash at Bankers, Messrs. Glyn & Co.	..	..	..	£2,380	0	7	

INCURABLE FUND.

Debt and Interest, 31st December, 1884	..	..	..	..	..	£46,561	3	10
One Year's Interest at 4 per cent.	..	..	..	..	..	1,862	8	11
						£48,423	12	9
Excess of Expenditure over Receipts	.	..	..	..	..	819	13	10
						£49,243	6	7

BRIDEWELL HOSPITAL.

INCOME, 1886.

RENT—Rent-charges and Insurances										..	..	..	..	£17,298	8	2		
Deductions										..	..	..	..	..	400	9	9	
														<hr/>			16,897	18	5
DIVIDENDS on Stock in the Public Funds, viz.—																			
£36,000 0 0, New 3 per Cent. Stock										..	..	..	1,080	0	0			
1,510 13 8, 3 per Cent. Consols										..	..	..	..	45	6	4		
100 0 0, 3 per Cent. Consols “Sir James Tyler's Gift ”										..	..	..	..	3	0	0		
24 17 4, New 3 per Cent. Stock										..	..	..	..	0	15	0		
11,074 5 3, 3 per Cent. Consols (in Chancery)										..	..	..	..	332	4	6		
														<hr/>			1,461	5	10
Net Annual Income														£18,359	4	3

BETHLEHEM HOSPITAL.

INCOME, 1886.

CURABLES—Rent, Land Tax, Rent-charges, &c.	..	..	..	..	£19,236	13	1		
INCURABLES—Rent, Rent-charges, &c.	..	..	..	..	6,451	9	0		
					£25,688	2	1		
Deductions	..	..	..	..	197	16	0		
								25,490	6 1
DIVIDENDS on Stocks in the Public Funds, viz.—									
£17,000 0 0, 3 per Cent. Consols	..	..	..	..	£510	0	0		
3,000 0 0, Bank Stock	..	..	..	..	300	0	0		
21,000 0 0, New 2½ per Cent. Stock	..	..	..	..	525	0	0		
1,000 0 0, 3 per Cent. Reduced, “William Hollins’ Gift”	..	..	..	..	30	0	0		
24 17 5, New 3 per Cent.	..	..	..	..	0	14	10		
39 14 0, 3 per Cent. Consols	..	..	..	..	1	3	8		
13,559 0 9, 3 per Cent. Consols (in Chancery)	..	..	..	..	406	15	6		
								1,773	14 0
Net Annual Income	..	..	..	..	£27,264	0	1		

JOHN BAGGALLAY,

Receiver, &c.

January, 1886.

